

The Hillsborough Recorder.

J. D. CAMERON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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HILLSBOROUGH, N. C., OCTOBER 31, 1877.

—Old Series, Vol. 47.

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—OF—

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All communications should be addressed to Mrs. CICERO W. HARRIS, Editor and Proprietor, Wilmington, N. C.

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TIMELY WARNING.

NOTICE is hereby given that all violations of the Town Ordinance, forbidding the hitching of horses, mules or any animal whatever to the fence around the Court House square will be rigidly enforced.

The fine is one dollar for each and every offence.

By order of the Commissioners of the town of Hillsboro. Sept. 12. 11.

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State of North Carolina, In Superior Court, ORANGE COUNTY.

Susan Durham, widow of Jesse Durham, deceased, Plaintiff,

against Wm. P. Thompson and Mary Ann R. Thompson his wife and others.—Defendants.

Petition for Dower.

IN the above case, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that James Robertson and Martha Jane his wife two of the defendants, reside beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered, that publication be made for six weeks in the Hillsborough Recorder, that they appear in our Superior Court, in the Court House in Hillsboro, on or before the 15th of November next, and answer or demur to said petition; or the same will be taken pro confesso as to them, and judgment rendered therein against them accordingly.

Witness George Laws, Clerk Superior Court, at Hillsboro, 29th September 77.

GEO. LAWS, Clerk Superior Court.

State of North Carolina, In Superior Court, ORANGE COUNTY.

Susan Durham, Executrix, of Jesse Durham, dec'd.—Plaintiff,

against Wm. P. Thompson, and Mary Ann R. Thompson his wife and others.—Defendants.

Petition to sell real estate to pay Dels.

IN the above case, it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that James Robertson and Martha Jane his wife, two of the defendants, reside beyond the limits of this State: It is therefore ordered, that publication be made for six successive weeks in the Hillsborough Recorder, that they appear in our said Superior Court, in the Court House in Hillsboro, on or before the 15th of November next, and answer or demur to the said petition; or the same will be taken pro confesso as to them, and judgment rendered therein against them accordingly.

Witness George Laws, Clerk Superior Court at Hillsboro, 29th September 77.

GEO. LAWS, Clerk Superior Court.

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GOOD USE FOR A DIME.

We advise all our readers to forward their address and 10 cents to Orange Judd Co., 245 Broadway, New York, who make a special offer to send for this sum (half price and postage) the number for October 1st, of the American Agriculturist. This splendid number, besides over 50 engravings, contains a great amount of useful, practical, reliable, reasonable information, not only for the Farm and Garden, but for the Household, Children included. Most will get from it hints and suggestions worth ten or twenty times its cost. Better still, to send \$1.50 and receive the paper, postpaid, from now to the end of 1878—that is, all of volume 37, with the rest of this year free. Two copies for \$1.50 each. Now where else can one get so much really valuable, paying information for so little money—not 3 cents a week, a sum easily saved or produced extra, which the paper will be sure to help one to do. This Journal is prepared by practical men and women, who know what they talk and write about from actual experience and large observation, and they can and do greatly aid others to profitable planning and working. Many single hints and suggestions each abundantly repay a year's cost. The fearless exposures of quackery and humbug in every number, are invaluable, and have saved its readers and the country millions of dollars. The departments for the Household and Children are pleasing and instructive. Every number of the paper is beautifully illustrated. In short, the American Agriculturist is full of good things, for every man, woman, and child, in city, village, and country. Take our advice and send \$1.50 for 14 months, or at least send a Dime for the half-price specimen now offered, and see it for yourselves.

HISTORY OF NEW HOPE CHURCH.

BY REV. P. H. DALTON.

From the N. C. Presbyterian.

New Hope Church, in Orange Presbytery, is situated nearly midway between Chapel Hill and Hillsboro, and about three miles west of the University Station, on the North Carolina Railroad. When it was organized we do not know. We learn, however, that Rev. Mr. Patton was their first minister, and that he published the bonds of matrimony between John Strayhorn and Elizabeth Johnston, some time before the revolutionary war. After him the New Hope people listened to such men as Revs. Jacob Lake, James Bowman, Wm. Thompson and Robt. H. Chapman, of the University. The ministry of these brethren brings us down nearly to A. D. 1819, about which time we find Rev. Elijah Graves in the pulpit. In the year 1820 Rev. S. K. Kollock took his place behind the sacred desk. During his ministry the church was recognized, and the members admitted by public assent to the "Articles of Faith and the Covenant." After Mr. Kollock, Mr. Graves returned and preached several years, until Rev. D. L. Russell came in 1831. For a season he and Rev. J. S. McCutchen seemed to have been co-laborers in this field—at least a part of their time, and under their ministry many souls were added to the church. Rev. Chas. Pierson came to this field toward the latter part of the year 1832. After Mr. P. Rev. George W. Ferrell came in 1833, and was their pastor for about three years. Having concluded his labors, the Rev. James Phillips, D. D. took charge of this church as "stated supply," and labored faithfully and successfully for thirty years. During his laborious ministry in this field, 77 additions were made to the church, and 60 infants were baptized and 20 adults. We know not how many sermons he preached, but it was not less than two every Sabbath during the collegiate year at Chapel Hill. We know also that there is a lady in this church who has a diary that contains 400 texts from which she heard him preach. He was punctual in all his appointments, regardless of wind or weather, and his name is now venerated by all the good people of that region. In the memorial address delivered on June 5th, 1867, at the University of North Carolina, Prof. A. D. Hepburn, D. D. then of Chapel Hill, now President of Davidson College says: "For the greater part of his ministerial life, Dr. James Phillips preached at New Hope church. To this church he was sincerely attached, and preached there with great regularity—holding afternoon services in the neighboring school houses and private dwellings; seeking as his only recompense that he might see some good as the result of his toil. His labors here only ceased when advancing years forbade the exertion and exposure, which was in December, 1865." And it is a significant fact that the last sermon he preached to this people was from the text, "Ye must be born again." Whoever heard Dr. Phillips, always heard the marrow of the gospel, in his sermons and in his prayers.

After his ministry ceased, the Revs. Thos. Lynch, H. B. Pratt, A. Kirkland, T. U. Fancette, C. N. Morrow and P. H. Dalton, ministered among this people. Mr. Dalton joined this church in 1842, while student at the University. He has been their minister during the last three years, and still labors among them.

The names of the six first Elders were Mr. Gill, Jno. Mitchell, Gilbert Strayhorn, Sr.; Alex. Strain, Jas. Hart and John Freeman. Then comes John Gattis, T. Blackwood, Jno. Craig, Robt. Baker, David Raney, Jno. Strain, Alexander Gattis, James Strayhorn and Sam'l Fancette. We find also the names of Wm. Brown, Alex. Strain, Jr.; Allen Petty, Sam'l Hart and David Hart. During Dr. Phillips' ministry there were added to the list of elders, Jno. R. Fancette, David Craig, Wm. Blackwood, Geo. Fancette, Jos. Kirkland, Bryan Strayhorn, Alex. Dickson, W. S. Kirkland, G. R. Long and S. S. Clayton. In 1872 Jno. T. Hogan and S. D. Blackwood were ordained; in 1877 Mr. C. W. Johnston, Wm. C. Clayton and N. G. Craig were set apart to the same office by prayer and the laying on of hands.

In 1792 there was a deed of 200 acres of land executed by Gilbert Strayhorn to the subscribers at New Hope. And a large body of this land is still owned by the church. On this they first built a log cabin, and then another, hexagonal in shape, which remained till about 1800, when a substantial building was erected on the hill, and afterwards a session house was added, near which is a new grave yard. This house of worship remained till 1862, when from some unknown cause, it was burned to the ground. And during the late struggle in our land, a large frame house was erected, where the congregation now worship Almighty God.

It has been stated that Gilbert Strayhorn, in the year 1792, gave this church 200 acres of land. And the history of this man and of his descendants, down to the third and

fourth generation, shows that our God is a covenant keeping God; shows too, that "the liberal soul shall be made fat." God has blessed his family from that day down to the present time. No one of his descendants has strayed off into unbelief, and almost every office-bearer in this church to-day is descended from this venerable and liberal man of God. And large numbers, too, are found among the private members of New Hope church. Others of them are found in other folds of Christ. Would to God that other men of means would least this important lesson that we must worship God with our substance as well as otherwise.

THE BROTHER'S MEETING.

"Stop!"

I was bustling up to buy my fletch homeward. I was pushing in ahead of everybody, thinking none had so good a right to be in a hurry as myself, when a policeman's gruff "stop!" gave me pause.

"Take your place at the end of the line!" he growled.

I obeyed, like a law-abiding citizen. Soon others fell in, until there was quite a queue behind me.

One after another of those in front paid their money, secured their tickets, and went their way. At last my turn came. Diving my hand into the pocket in which I always carried my money, I jerked it out nervously; and, in fewer words than it takes to tell it, had explored every pouch and pocket on my person.

"I have lost my pocket-book!" I exclaimed. "I had it but a moment since, and must have been robbed in the crowd."

"Then you'd better step out of the line till you find it," sneered the sleek-looking official who started a moment through his square hole, and then called out—

"Next!"

My position was extremely awkward. I was far from home and among strangers. To wait a remittance would consume more than a week, and in that far-off place to find a landlord sufficiently confiding to trust me in the meantime, might or might not be among the possibilities.

That dodge of expecting money from friends at a distance has grown fearfully threatening.

"I am very anxious to get home," I pleaded, in utter helplessness, and pledge my word to pay immediately on my arrival.

Another sneer through the square hole, and an impatient wave of the hand, mentioning me aside, was all the answer I received.

How much is the gentleman's fare?" spoke up a rich, clear voice behind me. I turned about. There was no mistaking its owner. It could have come from no other than the tall, handsome gentleman who glanced over my head at the impatient face framed in the square hole.

"Here, sir," he said, when, at length a reply had been designed to his question, handing me a bank note considerably over the amount named; "received this as a loan for the present. I'll give you my address when we get out of this jam."

I accepted his kindly offer without hesitation, knowing my ability to make prompt repayment, and thanking the gentleman for his favor, purchased my ticket and stepped aside.

My new friend did likewise. Then a bell rang. "All aboard!" shouted the conductor. There was a general scramble—pell-mell, helter-skelter, everybody getting mixed up with everybody else.

I tried to get a sight of the tall gentleman, but found it impossible.

"This way for—!" shouted a man in a labeled cap, swinging his lantern like a censor.

Following his direction, I hurried up the steps, never doubting but I should find my benefactor on the train.

In another moment we were in motion, and, in the same instant, another train moved off in the opposite direction.

After pre-empting a seat by planting my luggage in it, I went back through the train, from front to rear, but nowhere caught a glimpse of the generous stranger.

A second and more careful search proved equally fruitless. With watering eyes I peered through the cloudy atmosphere of the smoking car, but in vain. My confiding friend was not visible.

A thought flashed upon me. He must have gone by the other train, a conjecture which caused me deep annoyance.

"He will surely take me for a sharper," I said, and think I played him the slip on purpose.

But there was no help for it. I could only bide my time, and keep a sharp lookout, trusting that an opportunity might one day be offered to discharge a debt so sacred.

I put "personals" in the newspapers, scrutinized every strange face I met—in short, exhausted all the means of discovery my ingenuity could devise, but to no purpose, I had to give it up.

It was one night, ten years after, as I strolled along the East river, enjoying the effect of the

moonlight as it fell on the rippling water

and glinted from the white sails flitting to and fro, that the figure of a man standing at the extremity of a pier caught my attention. His attitude and gestures were those of one engaged in earnest soliloquy.

Too deeply absorbed to heed the sound of approaching footsteps, I came close upon him without attracting his notice.

"This struggle may as well end!" he said, dashing back his hat from his brow, and plunging himself for the plunge that was to solve his destiny.

Before he could take the fatal leap my hand was on his shoulder.

"Hold!" I exclaimed; "the deed you would do is one of sheer madness!"

"I know it," he answered, turning his face full upon me; "but what would you do? Such a death is quicker than starvation."

"There was something in the tone, as well as in the man but still handsome features now turned to the full light, which caused me to start.

"But you need not starve," I returned, quickly.

"I cannot beg," he replied.

"Nor need you." Why, I continued, "I owe you a sum myself quite sufficient to relieve your present wants, and have long been seeking an opportunity to repay it."

"Oh," said the stranger, in whom I had recognized by unknown creditor of ten years before, and to whom I had no time in recalling the circumstance of our former meeting, "I had quite forgotten that little matter!"

"But I hadn't you see, and now you must come with me, for I can't have the debt longer on my conscience; and we'll have to recon up the interest, you know."

And taking his arm, I led him along without giving him time to answer.

By degree I drew him to speak of his past history. It was not long till my interest grew intense. The woman he had loved in youth, had preferred his brother to himself. Not wishing to cast the shadow of his unhappiness on two cherished lives, he had departed from his home and country, and had long been given up for dead.

"Your name?" I cried, in a voice eager and tremulous.

"George St. Clair."

"And how?"

"Mary Wheeler."

Again the light shone full on his face. In spite of all the changes time and suffering had wrought, the truth flashed upon me.

"Dear, noble, generous brother!" I faltered, and, clasped in each other's arms, we wept long and silently.

THE BREAKDOWN OF LIFE INSURANCE.

From the Philadelphia Times.

Trust companies that cannot be trusted, savings banks that are not safe, life insurance that insures nothing—such is the evil record of the time, renewed and emphasized by nearly every issue of the daily press.

Exposure follows exposure, collapse treads on the heels of collapse, until the aggregate of raciality, imbecility and loss brought to light is simply astounding. In every respect save one the country seems ready to start on a career of renewed though chastened and moderate prosperity. The single drawback is the widespread rottenness and incompetency in corporate management—the breakdown of public confidence in the rectitude and capacity of those who have the custody of other people's money. In the case of ordinary corporations carrying on business with real capital for the sole purpose of gain, the prevalent disastrous tendency may perhaps be left for correction to those who are directly affected by it and who have a swift remedy in their own hands—we mean the shareholders. With them, in their hitherto blind confidence and credulous indolence, lies half the blame for present evil; from them, in their discoveries and their resulting mood of aroused vigilance, must come the cure. Henceforth the owners of corporate property in America are likely to exercise some influence in its management and enforce some guarantee of fidelity on the part of their servants.

In the field of life insurance the case is widely different. Here reform cannot be expected to spring directly from the real sufferers, for, by the very nature of the system, they are virtually powerless except to withdraw as policy-holders and premium-payers, sacrifice the bulk of what they have already invested, and thus reform the present system by ending it. In a crisis like that which confronts this vast interest the independent press has a duty to perform which is none the less imperative because it is unpleasant. We can readily comprehend the strong desire felt by managers of surviving companies to have the present extremity to which life insurance has come regarded as a transient panic, soon to be forgotten, or as a necessary weeding-out process, which is to leave the American system of life underwriting stronger and more trustworthy than ever before. But the real interest of the solvent companies, of policy holders and of that great public upon which the regenerated life insurance of the future

must depend for existence, will be best served by plain speaking and the most complete understanding of the length, breadth and depth of the present disaster.

As matters stand to-day paralysis has fallen upon the whole business of insuring lives. The companies that have thus far weathered the storm are issuing either no new policies or as few compared with the requirements of a solvent business as only to emphasize the general halt. Men cease to clamor for lodgings in a house that seems to be tumbling to pieces. Even the ignorant and over-confiding decline to deposit in a bank whose credit has with reason become a foot ball in the street. Not only do the uninsured resist the blandishments of solicitors and remain uninsured, but nine of every ten policy holders are timidly debating with themselves whether to continue paying premiums even to the agonies of surviving companies. As one insurance concern after another is forced to disclose its real condition and passes into the list of the dead and the odoriferous, not only do the policy holders of the wrecked company suffer loss, and in many cases bitterness of disappointment which none can measure, but other tens of thousands ask themselves, what next? and between the dread of relinquishing what they have considered a safeguard for dependent ones, and the fear that each added premium payment made from their necessities may prove to be good money thrown after bad, they know not what course to pursue.

The situation is rendered tenfold more difficult and more pathetic by the dense ignorance regarding life insurance which prevails among the insured of all ranks. In no other department of the social economy has there ever been anything to compare with this phenomenal feature of life insurance. In no other field would it be possible to induce a million fairly intelligent English speaking men to invest four thousand millions of their savings in a business system which they do not comprehend, whose working is to them a mystery, over whose management they have no shadow of control, and for the safety of which they usually accept the assurance of a paid solicitor of that system itself. It is not discourteous to state the notorious fact that not one policy holder in ten knows or endeavors to understand the principles of life insurance, or the conditions upon which depends the value of the worthlessness of his yearly investments and perhaps the future comfort or distress of his wife and children. This ignorance, largely voluntary and unnecessary, has been rather encouraged by the insurance fraternity, who naturally, and perhaps not sinfully, have preferred to do business on a basis of confidence and implicit trust rather than under the bracing scrutiny of intelligent and vigilant creditors. Neter in the history of the world has the element of sentiment, unchecked by judgment and unaccompanied with intelligent investigation, so far controlled multitudes of men in a purely business operation. Life companies could hardly have been treated with less watchfulness, or with a more complete abandonment of ignorant and confiding trust, had they been public charitable institutions, projected and conducted on principles of the purest philanthropy and guaranteed as to fidelity and perpetual solvency by the faith and resources of the nation.

From this attitude of blind credulity policy holders have had a rude awakening. Within the past five years they have discovered, apparently to their surprise, that their policies have at best no other security behind them than that which they themselves have placed there; that this security is confined by them, for the period of a lifetime, to the absolute control of self-appointed trustees, about whose personal character and probable official integrity they usually know nothing whatever, and that this security may vanish, does vanish and has vanished, whenever and wherever the always present temptation to fraud or to its twin crimes, profligate expenditure, has overcome the unwashed prudence and probity of unknown and ever changing managers. A system which deals with the dearest interests of humanity—a system whose operations necessarily cover long periods of time, involving many changes in management, is radically and hopelessly wrong when it hangs by the single thread of unsupported and unwarranted confidence in the personal integrity and sagacity of its self-elected conductors, instead of resting upon the solid foundation of definite and complete security which profligacy cannot squander nor fraud appropriate. Such a false system is American life insurance as heretofore organized and conducted. Its supporting thread has broken—the system is a ruin.

"Do you like cold balls, Mr. Wiggin?" "I really don't know. I don't recollect attending one."

An old Grecian philosopher advises all men to "know themselves." That is advising a good many to form very low and disreputable acquaintances.

While the women are so busy canning everything they can get their fingers on, why don't they put up some of this weather for winter use?—Eastern Free Press.

Russian to Turk, who receives a bayonet thrust: "But, my poor Turk, you don't seem to object." Turk: "It is the first time in eight days that anything has gone into my stomach."

WEDNESDAY.....OCT. 31. 1877.

REFLECTION ON THE FAIR.

Now that the Fair is over, the throng of visitors dispersed, and the hurly burly subsided, we can look back over the field of incident and comment upon some of its features.

We have before expressed the opinion that the occasion was a satisfactory one, to managers, as well as to visitors; and the reason of this lies as much in the absence of what has, in previous exhibitions, been objectionable, if not positively offensive, as in the presence of meritorious articles of exhibit. For once, the just character of the institution was fully appreciated. The stimulus, perhaps in some measure due to preceding Fairs, but more especially to aroused public interest given to Agriculture and the Mechanical Arts, had its response in the large and varied display of all that was most perfect, most useful and most beautiful. A fit expression was found for that feeling which, dissatisfied with past mediocrity, aspired to something better and higher. Here was a manifestation of that consciousness that effort was needed to keep pace with the world's march of progress; that the old ways had lost their safety and their charm, and interest as well as self preservation called for a change.

This change has been long in coming. That peculiar conservatism which attaches to every thing North Carolinian, has clung to nothing more tenaciously than to our prevalent system of Agriculture; a system which has given precedence to muscle over brain; a system which has resisted the innovation of book farming; a system which repudiates the help of agricultural machinery. But necessity has compelled a dependence long resisted, and there-on the Fair Ground were seen the fruits of this new alliance; not fanciful devices for theoretic accomplishment, but practical solutions of troubles that had defied centuries of manual effort. It was to the advantage of this Fair that it was not over crowded with novelties, but that it had its full share only of what commanded itself for simplicity and practical utility.

There was this general utilitarian character throughout the whole exhibition, and while there was much to amuse, amusement was entirely subordinate to what was useful. We referred to the absence of what was objectionable. This was manifested in the total absence of "all side shows, all games of chance, all those devices so impudently thrust into the faces of the unwary and inexperienced, on former occasions associating the State Fairs with all that was hostile to morality and sound virtue. The horse races were less the prominent features than heretofore, and while there was just enough of them to add variety to the amusements, there was not enough to engender interest. The managers too, deserve special commendation for their precautions to secure temperance and preserve good order; and the very excellent orders, rigidly enforced, entitle them to the thanks of the large assemblage all of whom were directly affected by this provident consideration.

Reviewing the whole subject, and the whole character of the exhibit, we think a firmer step has been taken than any previous one to make the State Fair a permanent institution. It seems now fully embarked in its mission as the true expositor of the industrial progress of the State; no more a mere assemblage for amusement, but a meeting point where every interest and every product of the State is laid open to public inspection, compared and discussed. When these functions of the institution are recognized, then its object will have been attained; and coupled with the admitted onward progress that has been entered upon, we have little apprehension of any future retrograde in interest or in excellence.

The presence of the two Governors, Vance and Hampton at the State Fair was a significant mark of the past political change the last twelve months have wrought in their respective States. A year ago, North Carolina, though partially redeemed, was under the rule of a Republican Governor of the "most straitest sect;" and a year ago, South Carolina was not only in the hands of Chamberlain, the most able and most corrupt of her radical governors, but her Legislature, her Judiciary and her whole State and county machinery were possessed by a class who made life intolerable and prosperity impossible. To-day, the flagitious crew are scattered in shameful flight, or held in prison to answer for crimes committed in the name of government and of the people; and Hampton and Vance stand forth the champions of the people, the vindicators of their rights, and the evidences of their recovered liberties and restored prosperity.

Gold is quoted at 210

CONGRESS.

Transactions during the past week have been of no special interest, and no apparent progress has been made towards the serious business of the session. This has been caused in some measure by that uncontrollable love of amusement which leads Congressmen to forget that they are paid servants of the people, and responsible to them for waste of time. The Pinhook races in Baltimore drew off enough to deprive the House of a quorum; or at least enough to bring about an understanding that nothing serious should be undertaken in Washington, until the grave question of the races was decided.

In the House several bills providing for the repeal of the resumption act have been introduced, a bill providing for the coinage of a silver dollar of 412½ grains of silver of standard fineness, to be made a legal tender for the payment of all public and private debts except where otherwise provided for carrying out existing contracts; a bill to distribute the balance of the Geneva award in the Alabama case, and other bills of private or local character. A resolution was introduced by Mr. Southard of Ohio to appoint a select committee of eleven members to consider the laws respecting the ascertainment and declaration of the results of the election of President and Vice President, to confer with a like committee on the part of the Senate; which was adopted and is a very important one.

The contested case from Colorado was referred to the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

The announcement of Committee of the House was made yesterday but not in time for publication in this issue.

In Senate, the week has been consumed in the contested election cases from Louisiana and South Carolina. All calculations upon the weakness or defection of the carpet baggers, who hold the balance of power, have been falsified by their stiffening up into rigid partisans under the flattery and emoluments of appointment to important Committees. Patterson, now under indictment in South Carolina for felonies of which he can assuredly be convicted, is now Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs, and a member of three other Committees; Dorsey of Arkansas is made Chairman of the Committee on the District of Columbia, and a member of two other Committees; Conover of Florida is made Chairman of the Committee on Enrolled Bills and a member of four other Committees; Spencer of Alabama is made Chairman of the Committee on Military Affairs and a member of two other Committees; and Bruce, colored of Mississippi is made Chairman of the very important Committee of Leaves on the Mississippi and a member of two other Committees. These worthies have been conspicuously rewarded as if in defiance of all tendencies to reform, and as if to convince the country that dishonesty is the normal condition of the radical party.

The possibilities are that neither Spofford or Eustis of La. or Butler of S. C. will be seated for the present, but that the whole question will be remanded back to the Legislature of those States, yet to be elected.

Among the bills introduced is one by Mr. Wallace of Pa. to provide a lawful note and coin currency for the U. S. It provides for the coinage of four hundred millions of dollars in value of a coin metal patented by W. H. Hubbell of Pa. called "Goid" consisting of gold, silver and copper in the proportion of one pound, twenty four pounds and three quarters of a pound respectively, with certain regulations for the purchase of the coin by the issue of bonds, and their future redemption; by Mr. Ingalls of Kansas a bill to grant a pension of \$3 a month to all soldiers of the Mexican war who served sixty days, the same to be continued to their widows and children; by Mr. Coke of Texas, a bill making an annual appropriation of \$1,000,000, to procure arms for the whole body of the militia; and other bills of different character.

The two Houses will not be in active session until during the present week.

ENDORING THE PRESIDENT.

The Democrats of the House are supposed to be on the point of introducing a resolution endorsing the policy of the Administration. This is a matter they had better leave for the political friends of the administration. It is what Democrats cannot consistently or safely do, even if done in sport for the purpose of throwing a firebrand in the enemy's ranks. They are better off than we seem to imagine, and show strength enough to give us as much trouble as we seem to invite. The resolution is one well calculated to bring the Democratic party into trouble. Better let it alone. Give the administration time to prove its sincerity. Hayes is not out of the woods yet.

See on first page a very interesting article from the Philadelphia Times on the subject of Life Insurance. It will waken attention to a much used but little understood institution.

WAR NEWS.

We have little to add this week, except that the tide now seems to flow in favor of Russia. Since the defeat of Mukhtar Pascha before Kars, disaster has followed the Turks. Kars is invested, severely bombarded, and portions of it have been on fire, and the different portions of the Turkish army are divided and in flight. In Europe, the campaign is being closely pushed by the Russians to obtain some definite advantage before winter stops all operations. Neither party can keep the field during the cold and rain of the winter. The Russians are compelled to take Plevna, or fall back across the Danube, and next year to do everything over again. This they will not submit to if it can be helped; and accordingly, the investment of Plevna has been made complete, and a final assault may soon be expected. Its capture will give the Russians their needed foothold in Bulgaria, because they will have a camp ground of sufficient dimensions, unobscured by the Turks, who will have been disorganized and dispersed by the capture of the stronghold. And this seems to be the completion to which things must now come.

Some time since, the Mexican authorities, at the instance of the U. S. government, seized and imprisoned in the jail at Matamoros a number of Mexican soldiers upon American territory. They were decided by the Mexican government, to be subject to the order of our government, and Utales, the Commandant of Matamoros, was ordered to make the surrender. Rather than do so against the pressure of public opinion, he resigned; and now the local authorities have released the prisoners.

There are now on both sides of the line who are moving every muscle to bring about a war.

The *Gleaner* mentions the death of Jasper Lindley, son of Thomas Lindley of Graham on Sunday the 21st inst. The young man went to the State Fair, but was taken sick there and left on the 18th for home. His disease developed into diphtheria, and he was unable to proceed farther than Graham where he died as above mentioned.

The Rev. Dr. Munsey, a distinguished minister of the Methodist Church, and remarkable as a pulpit orator, died suddenly at his home in Jonesboro, Tenn., on the 16th inst. He was truly an oratorical genius, and without the advantages of early education, developed a grace, a beauty and a fervor of style that placed him in the front rank of speakers.

Sitting Bull refused to have anything to do with the American Commissioners. He regards all Americans as liars, and no trust to be placed in their pledges. The Canadian members of the Commission say there is no present danger of the Indians crossing back into the U. S. territory.

Grain is being moved towards the sea ports in immense quantities in anticipation of the closing of canal navigation by ice. Within 24 hours, ending on the 24th inst. eighty seven lake vessels arrived at Buffalo having on board 2,500,000 bushels of grain.

Wheat and flour in the New York market have not advanced, but rather show a decline.

Senator Maine is again quite ill; this time from a cause more creditable to him than the last, when he effected an stroke to keep out of the way of an inquisitive committee. He heard of an accident to his daughter, caused by carelessly handling a parlor pistol, and the excitement unseated him.

Mr. Hayes has appointed, Hugh J. Campbell of La. author of the Louisiana election law, by force of which the Returning Board was enabled to render such good service to Hayes, District Attorney of Dakota. Another friend rewarded, and more "civil service reform."

Two of the Reading rioters engaged in the strike troubles of July last, were indicted for burning the Lebanon bridge. They were convicted and sentenced to an imprisonment of five years and a fine of \$1000 each.

Our Orange County readers will be repaid by the perusal of the very interesting history of New Hope Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. P. H. Dalton, to be found on the first page.

Cotton in New York is steady. Uplands are quoted at 11½. Raleigh quotations are 10½ for middling, 11½ for strict low middling, and 10 for low middling.

Over two hundred lives were lately lost by the explosion of a coal mine in Scotland.

It is stated that all the Louisiana nominations except King's will go to the Senate on Monday.

PUBLIC MEETING.

At a meeting held in the town of Hillsboro on the 16th inst., it being Tuesday of October Court, a large number of the citizens of the county of Orange being in attendance, the following proceedings were had:

James R. Harris, Esq., was chosen President and William G. Mangum Secretary. The following resolutions were read by Josiah Turner, Esq., and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we propose a change and reform in the manner of making candidates; to the end that the people may be heard and felt in this all important business.

Resolved, That A. W. Graham, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Democratic party of Orange county, be and is hereby requested, full three months before the election for members of the General Assembly, to advertise for the polls to be opened at each voting place in the county by the chairman of the Executive Committee of each township, assisted by a clerk or such judges of election as the chairman shall appoint to hold the election, for Democratic voters to choose their candidates by ballot. The ballots to be sealed up and forwarded to the chairman of the county, who will count and announce the result.

Resolved, That John A. London, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Democratic party for this Congressional District, full four months before the next election for Congress, advertise for the polls to be opened at each voting place in the District, that the Democratic voters may vote direct for the man of their choice for candidates for Congress under such rules and regulations as the Chairman of the Committee shall adopt; that the vote be sealed up and forwarded to John A. London, Chairman, and who shall count the vote, and announce the result through one or more Democratic newspapers of the District.

And whereas, the State of North Carolina has on two several occasions, been without a representative in the United States Senate; and whereas, much valuable time is often wasted by the General Assembly in unavailing efforts to elect a Senator, therefore

Resolved, That this meeting suggest to the Democratic voters of the State, and to the Executive Committee of the State, the propriety of opening the polls under the order and direction of the Executive Committee, to allow the Democratic voters of the State the privilege of voting who shall be their candidate for the United States Senate. The polls to be opened on the 32d of February or the 4th of July next. The Democratic committee for each township to hold the election and report to the Chairman of the county who shall report and forward the vote of the county to the chairman of the Executive Committee of the State at Raleigh, whose duty it shall be to announce and publish the result of the election.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the Hillsboro Recorder, Raleigh News, Raleigh Observer, Charlotte Observer, Charlotte Democrat, Wilmington Star, Milton Chronicle, Oxford Torchlight, and that Democratic papers throughout the State be requested to copy.

JAMES R. HARRIS, Chairman.

W. G. MANGUM, Secretary.

THE ORANGE COUNTY MEETING.

Partly for courtesy, and partly to publish the proceedings of a so-called public meeting of the citizens of Orange, held in Hillsboro last week. It was Mr. Josiah Turner's meeting, and the public would have experienced no difficulty in finding his tracks in the resolutions even if his name had not been mentioned in connection with them.

The idea of going to all the trouble and expense of putting the election machinery in motion in order that the people may vote for the person of their choice for United States Senator and then send up their recommendation to the General Assembly! Mr. Turner has lost his ingenuity and has decided to deceive anybody and even if it were not, the plan suggested is too insane to merit serious attention.

The alleged purpose of this new election scheme is to give the people a voice in public affairs. In regard to this matter of "packed convention," which is here had reference to, there is more of fold-and-roll foolishness than enters into any other question with which the demagogues deal. It is an unquestionable fact that conventions of the people are too often run by wily politicians, in their own interest and with disregard of the wishes of the masses. But, pray, whose fault is this? The people have the remedy in their own hands; it is their convention and if they are wheedled out of their rights in it, it is nobody's fault but their own. There might properly have been sympathy with them when this thing was new and when they were unsuspecting; but it is not new now; they have seen it with their own eyes and it has been drummed into their ears for years and years, and now if they suffer from this evil which they have been so often told endangers them, an evil, too, which it is theirs to avert, they must blame themselves and not the politicians.

We are no friend to the system of primary elections in its best form, but when so radical a change as these resolutions propose is attempted to be made in our system of elections, we must enter a decided dissent. This, however, is scarcely necessary. The scheme will die of itself.—*Charlotte Observer.*

The Secretary of State, has had advice from special agents on the Rio Grande border of sufficient importance to render a conference between Mr. Evans and the President necessary this afternoon.

BROWN & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Farmer's Hall,
Hillsboro, N. C.
April 18 1877. ALL ABOARD.THE GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE.
STOCK MUST BE REDUCED.

Prices Reduced so as to work off Stock.

BON-TON Bathing Suits, \$1.25;
Cottons 2.00;
Chicurell 1.00;
Madame Wood's additional Capes, \$2.25;
Hats, \$1.40, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3.00, \$3.25, \$3.50, \$3.75, \$4.00, \$4.25, \$4.50, \$4.75, \$5.00, \$5.25, \$5.50, \$5.75, \$6.00, \$6.25, \$6.50, \$6.75, \$7.00, \$7.25, \$7.50, \$7.75, \$8.00, \$8.25, \$8.50, \$8.75, \$9.00, \$9.25, \$9.50, \$9.75, \$10.00, \$10.25, \$10.50, \$10.75, \$11.00, \$11.25, \$11.50, \$11.75, \$12.00, \$12.25, \$12.50, \$12.75, \$13.00, \$13.25, \$13.50, \$13.75, \$14.00, \$14.25, \$14.50, \$14.75, \$15.00, \$15.25, \$15.50, \$15.75, \$16.00, \$16.25, \$16.50, \$16.75, \$17.00, \$17.25, \$17.50, \$17.75, \$18.00, \$18.25, \$18.50, \$18.75, \$19.00, \$19.25, \$19.50, \$19.75, \$20.00, \$20.25, \$20.50, \$20.75, \$21.00, \$21.25, \$21.50, \$21.75, \$22.00, \$22.25, \$22.50, \$22.75, \$23.00, \$23.25, \$23.50, \$23.75, \$24.00, \$24.25, \$24.50, \$24.75, \$25.00, \$25.25, \$25.50, \$25.75, \$26.00, \$26.25, \$26.50, \$26.75, \$27.00, \$27.25, \$27.50, \$27.75, \$28.00, \$28.25, \$28.50, \$28.75, \$29.00, \$29.25, \$29.50, \$29.75, 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The Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY, OCT 21 1877.
LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Terms of the Recorder for 1877.
For 1 year, \$1.00.
For 6 months, 75.
Payments always in advance.
Job printing done neatly and promptly.

See fourth page both for Ads and interesting reading matter.

Wheat sowing is going on rapidly and we think on a larger scale than usual. The abundant crops of all kinds enable the farmer to spare more wheat than he could ordinarily devote to seedling. This is a wise move.

Good white frosts last week, followed on Friday by rain.

See attractive ad. of Gammon & Co. of Durham who present a full of fare hardly ever surpassed. Everything that can be found in the first class establishments of the Northern cities is offered at Gammon's at the lowest rates.

[We will publish as much of the awards of the State Fair as refers to this and adjoining counties next week. The publication has just begun in the Raleigh papers.

Death of a Fine Horse.

We regret to learn that Mr. John M. Smith of this vicinity lost a very valuable horse on Friday from cholera. He was an animal of fine blood and qualities, and his death is a serious loss to his owner.

Farmer and Mechanic.

We are in receipt of this new weekly Agricultural Journal published at Raleigh under the auspices of the State Agricultural Department, and as an important adjunct to its labors and duties. The managing Editor is Mr. R. A. Stowell, late associate editor of the Southern Home, and its contributing editors are J. D. Cameron, John S. Long, of Newbern, Prof. W. C. Kerr, Prof. A. R. Ledoux, and Capt. C. B. Dawson.

Having been selected as one of the contributing editors and acting as such, modesty might forbid our advocacy of the claim of the Journal, did we not reflect that our responsibility is a joint one, the duty of success or failure, resting upon each as well as ourselves; and did we not believe that the origination of such a Journal was demanded by the wants both of the Department and of the industrial public. With this feeling, we can earnestly recommend it to public patronage, fortified as we are by the excellent character of its first two numbers.

Rates \$2 a year or \$1 for six months in advance. Address Capt. R. A. Stowell, Managing Editor, Raleigh, N. C.

There is a prevalent feeling that the sentence of John Wagstaff, the slayer of Wiley Mitchell, was too light for the crime. It was not technically murder, because the element of malice was absent, apparently. But there was a wanton challenge to violence on the part of Wagstaff which betrayed a readiness for combat, for which in a peacefully disposed man, there was no occasion. The deceased, an old, half-witted, and petulant man, though striking the prisoner with a large stick, yet never left his seat in his own wagon while the other, putting himself in the way of blows, at length leaped into the wagon seized a stick, and dealt a fatal blow. There was technically no murder; but there was aggravated manslaughter which called for much heavier punishment than was imposed. Five years ought to have been the minimum of confinement.

Since the above was written, the punishment of Wagstaff has been still further reduced to six months imprisonment in the county jail. Alas! for the tax payers.

Important Arrest.

Bob Basler, colored, charged with the fearful crime of the murder of his wife and two children, and the burning of their dwelling near Durham in the early part of September, was arrested in Wilson on Tuesday last and committed to the jail of Orange County on Wednesday. The Grand Jury found a true bill of murder against the accused, but owing to the impossibility of procuring all the necessary witnesses on the part of the defence, the trial was postponed until the Spring term of the Court.

Messrs. Jas. A. and A. W. Graham appear for the prisoner.

We will not prejudge the case by any expression of opinion, but we rejoice that the supposed actor in so fiendish a tragedy is in the hands of the law.

We have tried Dr. Ball's Cough Syrup in our family, and can assert that it is the best remedy for a cough or cold ever introduced. Price 25 cents.

REMEDIATION QUICKLY ACHIEVED.
"Durand's Rheumatic Remedy," the great INTERNAL MEDICINE, will positively cure any case of rheumatism on the face of the earth. Price \$1 a bottle, six bottles, \$5. Sold by all Wholesale and Retail Druggists. Don't fail to send for circular to Hephernestine & Bently, Druggists, Washington, D. C.

KIRKLAND & CO., will be pleased to show their country friends, a new stock of Calico, Cottonades, Flannels and other Goods in the Dry Goods line. Country Produce taken in exchange. Sept 26th 77.

SUPERIOR COURT—SECOND WEEK.

The Civil docket was taken up on Monday, and occupied the day, the business being generally of an unimportant character.

On Tuesday, John Wagstaff, colored was arraigned for the murder of Wiley Mitchell, colored, near Turner's Mill, Little River, on the 25th of August last, Solicitor Strudwick conducted the prosecution, and the accused was defended by Messrs. John W. Graham and Thomas Ruffin. The evidence disclosed an altercation between the deceased and the accused, growing out of a dispute in watering their horses in the stream. Each was driving a wagon, employed in hauling fruit to a still house. The deceased threw a bucket at the accused. The latter approached the wagon in which the former was sitting who struck the accused repeated blows with a long and good sized hickory stick. The accused at length sprang into the wagon, seized a large stick lying in the bed, and struck Mitchell one heavy blow over the head. Mitchell fell out of the wagon into life water, and was dragged by accused and witnesses to the shore, laid by a log and left until their return with their load of fruit, when upon examination he was found dead.

Under the charge of the Judge, the jury brought in a verdict of manslaughter, the ingredient of malice appearing to be wanting. Wagstaff was sentenced to one year imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

On Wednesday the case of the State vs. Sandy Hopson and wife for the murder of Isham Davis, all colored, was taken up. The murder occurred in Patterson's township some time in the month of August. Solicitor Strudwick for the State, and Messrs. Thomas Ruffin and John W. Graham for the prisoners. Col. Ruffin made an affidavit on the part of Sandy Hopson that owing to active efforts on the part of certain persons named in the affidavit, violent prejudices had been aroused against the prisoner, and that a fair trial could not be had. In the County of Orange, and praying that the case may be removed to another county. The prayer was granted and the case was ordered to be transferred to the Spring term of Alamance Court.

The counsel then insisted upon the immediate and separate trial of the wife. The Solicitor objected, and made affidavit to the effect that the interests of justice required a joint trial. The removal of the case of the husband, to another county, already allowed, required also the removal of the case of the wife. If the murder was a joint act, to separate the trials of the accused would be to nullify the case. The force of the affidavit for the removal of the husband applied to the wife.

The Judge said that the Court would keep in view the law as well as the facts, and while denying the motion of the Solicitor to remove the case of the woman, he would yield to the motion subsequently made, to continue the case, and it was ordered to be continued to the Spring Term of Orange Superior Court.

Henry Sikes, judgment upon whom was suspended last week under his plea of "guilty" on a charge of larceny was brought into Court on Thursday and sentenced to three years imprisonment in the Penitentiary.

On Thursday afternoon Calvin Sellers, col. was brought down from Alamance Jail under application for the writ of Habeas Corpus, he having been arrested and detained on a charge of obtaining money on false pretenses. J. M. Boyd, Esq. represented the petitioner, and Jas. A. Graham, Esq. appeared on behalf of the State. The prisoner had been held in the sum of one thousand dollars. The Judge bound him over to his appearance before the next term of Alamance Inferior Court, 3rd Monday in November, in the sum of \$200, and he returned to Alamance in charge of Sheriff Hunter to procure bail.

George Brooks col. indicted for the felonious cutting of Bryan Loun at Durham was discharged on his own recognizance, none of the witnesses recognized having appeared.

Friday the Civil docket was resumed, and the day consumed in the trial of a number of cases in which W. J. Hogan was defendant.

The Court adjourned sine die on Saturday.

That Public Meeting.

Elsewhere will be found the proceedings of one of those meetings in which Orange of late years has been prolific, but of which the general public seem somewhat ignorant. Certainly, the proceedings of the meeting referred to will be somewhat of a surprise, when the gravity of its propositions is contrasted with its informality. Held at a street corner, it was public enough; but, as a public meeting to deliberate on a serious subject, it attracted about the same attention as Congleton's outcry of his patent medicines, made a few feet distance. It meant nothing but the expression of the wishes and purposes of one man, prepared by him, engineered by him, and its whole aim and object for his sole behoof and benefit.

Admitting that the true expression of the wishes of the people of this county has been smothered by the secret influences of packed Conventions, Josiah Turner is the last man to find fault with the system. No man in this county has been more active, more adroit, and for the time, more successful in packing Conventions; and we may add, no man has been more instrumental in bringing the system into disrepute. If it has failed him at last, he will find in vain for the adoption of another, the sole object of which is to benefit him, and bring him back to a

prominence he forfeited by rebellion against his own principles.

The disguise of love for the rights of the people is too transparent to deceive. Mr. Turner might possibly be the nominee of a Convention. He never will be the adopted candidate of the people of the county through the medium of primary elections had under his dictation.

Hillsboro holds her own.

During the brilliant but superficial prosperity of other places of rapid growth, the off-spring of speculations, Hillsboro has quietly settled down to solid and substantial operations. She holds her own like few places in this commonwealth. She can say, she stands where she did one hundred and twenty four years ago.

We must now all pull together, take the tide that is coming in at its flood, and come to the top.

Like an avalanche, the fall trade struck us thirty days ago. Unprecedented drops all over the country; several years of mercantile economy and close sailing; the settlement of the Southern troubles; gold at par—all combined—have produced the present flood in business. In the meanwhile, thousands of factories North, choked with surplus stock, and unable to borrow more money, are unloading at ruinous prices for cash, making frightful sacrifices to raise means to avert impending ruin. Having little money and some brains to go into the market to buy these goods, enables us to quote prices that smash competition into dust.

We want to see, as usual, the surrounding counties to examine our stock. It is a fact conceded by all, that Hillsboro, since the war has been one of the best markets in the state to buy goods.

WE HAVE THEM.

Oct. 10 '77

C. M. PARKS.

THE REASON OF INTERMITTENT.

All diseases generated by unwholesome exhalations from the earthy water, are prevalent at this season. In every section subject to the visitation of fever and ague, or other forms of intermittent disease, the causes which produce these maladies are now actively at work. This, therefore, is a period of the year when the inhabitants of such districts should prepare their systems to meet the unwholesome condition of the atmosphere by a course of tonic and alterative treatment. Foremost among the ingredients, recommended by time and experience as a means of fortifying the system against all endemic and epidemic maladies, stands Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. By a timely use of the Bitters, the feeblest resident of an unhealthy soil may escape the sickness which, without the aid of this potent ally of nature, will be apt to overtake the strongest.

MURDER WILL OUT.

A few years ago "August Flower" was discovered to be a certain cure for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, a few thin Dyspeptics made known to their friends how easily and quickly they had been cured by its use. The great merits of GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER became heralded through the country by one sufferer to another, until, without advertising, its sale has become immense. Druggists in EVERY TOWN in the United States are selling it. No persons suffering with Sour Stomach, Sick Headache, Colic, nervous palpitation of the Heart, indigestion, low spirits, etc; can take three doses without relief. Go to your Druggist Dr. O. Hooker, and get a bottle for 75 cents and try it. Sample bottles 10 cents.

Also for sale by Stephen A. White, Mechanicsville.

General Howard is reported to have said that he has much to grieve him, and that the telegraph reporters have lied. Tears glistened in the General's eyes.

DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS are the surest and safest remedy for ladies in delicate health. 6 m.

OUR STOCK OF LADIES DRESS GOODS

Was never better. We have all the

NEW STYLE

In these goods.

Best Stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES

In Orange County. Our Stock of

CLOTHING

Is complete. Our Stock of

Mens' Wear

Was never better. We have the best Stock of

HEAVY JEANS, CASSIMERES

We have ever shown.

We want to handle County Merchants this season to their entire satisfaction.

C. M. PARKS,

Oct. 10 77.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c; I will send a recipe that will cure you FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D. Bible House, New York City. 1y.

DIED.

At her residence in Orange County, at sunset of the Sabbath, Oct 14th 1877, Mrs. Lydia (Cable) Johnston, widow of the late Chas. W. Johnston, and mother of our present respected fellow citizen C. W. Johnston Esq. She was of Scotch Irish ancestry, the daughter of the late John Cable Esq. who came from Pennsylvania, and settled in the eastern side of Orange, and was one of nine sisters, of whom Mrs. Caldwell of Tenn. and Mrs. Shields of Orange, are now the only survivors. Mrs. Johnston had long passed the period allotted to mortal life by the Psalmist, having just entered her eight first year; yet her death came unexpectedly, because suddenly. She was visiting a daughter in Chapel Hill, and in her usual health, when stricken lightly by paralysis. She returned to her own home, but did not recover from the blow, and in eighty days thereafter, fell gently asleep. A large gathering of friends and neighbors met at the old homestead on Tuesday 16th, to lay her in the family burying ground by her husband, whom she had survived twenty two years. Her pastor, the Rev. Mr. Dalton, conducted the services. The day was bright and still, the October sun lighting up the glowing forests, and the fragrant fields whose blooming and fading she had watched for near sixty years, and among whose ripening corn we laid her down, herself a sheaf fully ripe for the great harvest. A long and useful life was ended, spent unostentatiously and quietly at home in the patient and faithful discharge of domestic duties, as a good wife, and mother, and neighbor, and mistress; and it was surely God's best blessing on the close that she died just where she had always lived, surrounded by loving children and grand children, her last look falling on well-known scenes, and her last words those of love and great peace.

Mr. and Mrs. Johnston were for many years residents and influential in their section of Orange County. They possessed ample means, and lived well, and exercised a genuine hospitality. They raised and educated their children well, and had the happiness of seeing them all members with themselves of the New Hope Presbyterian Church, all settled well in life, and all valuable members of society. Their generation is fast passing away, but none leave a better record, and the page now closed by Mrs. Johnston's death, will always be bright to many of us with the recollection of steady cordial friendship and sterling virtues. C. P. S.

In Wilmington Oct. 23rd, at 1 o'clock, of Diphtheria, Fanny Granger, child of William H. and Margie W. Bernall, aged 5 years and 6 months.

REMEMBER THE DEAD.

I DEAL IN

American & Italian Marble

Monuments, and Headstones. Liberal Inducements offered to clubs, and on application will forward designs, &c., or visit them in person.

S. C. ROBERTSON, GREENSBORO, N. C.

DR. GEORGE W. GRAHAM, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRACTICE LIMITED TO THE EYE AND EAR.

October 10 77.

George Gibson, Jr., Successor to

KELLOGG & GIBSON.

Importer and Dealer in

China, Glass, Queensware,

AND

HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.

No. 1207 Main Street.

sept. 19 77. RICHMOND, VA.

Mrs. Mattie Taylor,

MILLINER AND DRESS MAKER.

At the house formerly occupied by J. R. Gullis.

I am receiving her

FALL SUPPLY OF

MILLENNARY

Fancy Goods and Notions.

TERMS CASH, at the lowest possible rates.

She is receiving weekly the latest novelties in Millinery &c. from the best houses, and guarantees that her work and her GOODS will come up to the highest recognized standards of taste.

Be sure to call on her before making orders elsewhere. Oct. 11 77.

W. A. MYATT,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

Cotton Buyer

AND

Commission Merchant,

RALEIGH, N. C.

HIGHEST Prices Guaranteed to those ship

ping Flour and Cotton to him.

Liberal advances made when desired.

Oct. 8 77.

E. D. HEARTT,

WITH

SEDDON and BRUCE

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Groceries and Liquors,

VIRGINIA STREET,

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

AGENTS for GILLET'S Cream Dry-

Hop Yeast.

COFFEE Specialty. Sept. 20 77.



ON MAIN STREET. DURHAM, N. C.

I HAVE in Store the largest and most select stock of GOODS ever shown in Orange County, and would most respectfully ask the inspection of the Public.

I am offering none but the best GOODS, and these at the same prices that others charge you for Shoddy Goods. I AM NEVER UNDERSOLD.

BUY YOUR GOODS AT HEADQUARTERS.

If you want fine Dress Goods, either Silks, Cashmeres, Brocades, Mohairs, Merinos, Alpaca, Worsted etc. I am Headquarters.

If you want Ladies or Childrens Cloaks, Fine Furs, Muffs, Shawls etc. I am Headquarters.

If you want Kid Gloves, Sash Ribbons, Luce Ties, Lace and Silk Fichus, Bits, Collars, Nubes, Hoods, Silk Trimmings, Silk Buttons etc. I am Headquarters.

If you want Carpets, Brussels 2 and 3 ply, all wool Ingrain, Cheap Carpets, Rugs, Floor Oil Cloths, Window Shades &c. I AM HEADQUARTERS.

If you want Casimeres, Jeans, Blankets, Linseys, Bleached and Brown Domestic, Flannels, Tickings &c. I AM HEADQUARTERS.

If you want Zeigler's, Burts', or Miles Ladies, Childrens, or Gentlemen's Shoes. I AM HEADQUARTERS.

If you want fine plated Ware, Knives and Forks, Scissors, Razors, Albums, Bibles, School Books, Burton Note Papers, Host Sagars and Coffee, Fine Soap &c. I AM HEADQUARTERS.

If you want Ready Made Clothing, Ladies and Gentlemen's Hats &c. I AM HEADQUARTERS.

Call and see me, or send me your orders, satisfaction guaranteed. Samples sent on application through mail to any address. Oct 31st 77.

ALLISON & ADDISON'S.

COMPLETE MANURE FOR WHEAT.

"STAR BRAND"

WE are making what we believe to be the best Commercial Fertilizer for Wheat on the market.

1st. It is made chiefly of PURE RAW BONE—the best material known—and in the most thorough and careful manner.

2d. It is rich in Ammonia, Soluble Phosphate, and REAL Raw-bone Phosphate derived from unburned bones of animals.

3d. It insures a stand of Grass or Clover.

4th. It sets PROMPTLY and CONTINUOUSLY, and the effects of a single application show for years.

5th. It is fine, dry, and in beautiful condition for drilling.

6th. It has been on trial for the past ten years, and our reports say: "It is all its name implied," "A Complete Wheat Manure." "The best I ever used."

Prices as low and terms as liberal as those of any other Standard Fertilizer.

It will be to your interest to test this Fertilizer, and we solicit a trial order.

ALLISON & ADDISON, Manufacturers, Richmond, Va.

sept 19 77.

Packing, Caring, and Smoking Estab

ishment!

AND

STEAM SAUSAGE MANUFACTORY

Office of V. HECHLER, Jr. & BRO.

18 and 20 First Market, Packing House

East 25 Street, Richmond Va.

FOR many years the only establishment in the South, and, by its long experience, the very best for the preparation of Sausages, Smoked Meats of all kinds, Tongues, Ham, Beef &c; and makers of the

Celebrated Hecker Sausage.

Now so much known and so largely consumed in North Carolina.

Smoked Sausage 12 cents per pound.

Sent in four orders to

sept 19 77. V. HECHLER Jr. & BRO.

PAINTS! PAINTS!!

Leads! Pure White Lead,

Muloxa White Lead

Snow White Zinc.

PAINTER'S COLORS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Varnishes, Linseed Oil, Turpentine,

Brushes, Window Glass, &c. &c.

ALSO

READY MIXED PAINTS

Of every Shade Ready for Use, and requiring no Preparation.

Send for sample cards.

Builders and others about to have painting done, will consult their interest by getting our quotations before purchasing. We will furnish articles of best quality at low prices to suit the times.

PURCELL, LADD & CO.

Wholesale Druggists,

Richmond, Va.

sept 19 77.

DR. RICHARD H. LEWIS,

(Late Professor of Diseases of the Eye and Ear in the Savannah Medical College.)

PRACTICE LIMITED TO THE

EYE AND EAR.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Refers to the State Medical Society and to the Georgia Medical Society.

Sept. 12 77.

A. L. ELLETT, A. JUDSON WATKINS,

CLAY DREWRY, S. B. HUGHES,

A. L. ELLETT & CO.,

DRY GOODS & NOTIONS.

10, 12 and 14 TWELFTH STREET,

RICHMOND, VA.

Sept. 19 77.

Sept. 19 77.

Sept. 19 77.

Sept. 19 77.

Dr. D. A. Robertson.

Surgeon Dentist.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

WILL spend the fourth week of each month at his office in Hillsboro.

Orders left with Charles M. Parks will be promptly attended to. May 30 77.

J. M. MURRIE, C. M. HUTCHINGS,

J. A. HENDON.

Murrie, Hutchings & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Groceries,

SPAPLE DRY GOODS, FER-

TILIZERS, &c.

R. W. LAWSON & Co's. old stand,

MAIN STREET,

DANVILLE,

Hillsborough Recorder.

WEDNESDAY, OCT. 31, 1877.

THE RECORDER.

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY, BY
J. D. CAMERON.
At \$1.50 per annum, or 75c. for six months—in
advance.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

Advertisements conspicuously inserted at \$1 a
square for the first insertion, and 50 cents a square
for each additional week. Ten lines or less make
a square.

TERMS BY SPECIAL CONTRACT:
1 square 3 months \$5—6 months \$8—12 months \$13
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DISEASES OF POULTRY.

Diseases in poultry that affect entire flocks
are always caused by something wrong a-
bout the premises. I claim this to be so
from the fact that in breeding fowls ex-
tensively for forty years I never had but
two cases of disease, and in both cases I
discovered the cause and remedied it im-
mediately. One was a lack of fresh air in
their roosting house, which produced the
roup in the whole flock; and the other was
allowing the fowls to drink stagnant water
in their yard, where there was a pile of ma-
nure, which produced a disease that was fa-
tal to many fowls. The poultry editor of the
Rural New Yorker says: "There has lately
come to my notice some cases of severe
fever among fowls, which proved very fa-
tal. Numbers of the hens died very sud-
denly on several farms in the neighbor-
hood. The birds were in good condition,
with crops well filled, but not too hard,
with food when attacked. The first sym-
ptoms were moribundness and entire sus-
pension of digestion. There was no appear-
ance of diarrhea or cholera. Yet, I be-
lieve, this disease is sometimes taken for
the latter on account of its rapidly fatal
character. The birds were very hot, drank
very frequently, and kept very still. Many
died in a few hours, some the second day,
and others on the third or fourth day; and
after death their combs turned quite black.
In looking around the premises to see if
there was any local cause for the sickness,
I found, in the hot sun, a pool of foul, thick,
stagnant manure water, that had settled
under the fowls' yard from a pile of manure
close by, after a heavy rain. The fowls
were shut up in the yard and had fresh wa-
ter supplied daily in their drinking vessel.
But hens will always drink from any dirty
puddle that may be in their way; and un-
der those circumstances sickness would very
likely be produced. I have read of many
cases similar to this one, but they were
supposed to be cholera, and in most in-
stances such stagnant water was found. I
think this water, and that readers of the
Rural may look out and prevent any
occurrence of the kind on their farm, and
thus save their fowls. I did not see the
stock in the case I mention until it was too
late to save any. Most of them were al-
ready dead; in all seventeen died out of
twenty."—*Cecil Dem.*

WINTER RYE FOR PASTURE.

As soon as the grain crop is out of the
way, and the busy of farm-work is over,
every farmer will do well to sow a few
acres in winter rye for pasture. It may or-
dinarily be raised with the least trouble
and to the best advantage in a corn-field.
All that is required is to sow it broadcast
between the rows, and to cover the seed
with a light cultivator or harrow. It will
soon be up and it will grow rapidly during
the period the corn ripening. It will fur-
nish a large amount of food and just the
kind stock require, after grass has given
out in the pastures. Milch cows and young
cattle are especially fond of it. When cat-
tle are fed on corn-stalks during a large
part of the winter, as they are on many
western farms, this late rye furnishes ex-
actly what is wanted by way of a change.
What is not eaten by stock will be of great
advantage to the land as manure. In the
opinion of many who have tried it there is
profit in raising winter rye and plowing it
under in the spring.

THE POSSIBILITIES OF AN ACRE.

No man knows what these are. We
know that 200 bushels of corn were once
grown on one acre, and that five bales of
cotton have been made on the same area of
soil, but we do not know what the limits of
production were reached in either case.
We should try to find out not merely how
much of any given crop can be produced
on an acre of land, but how cheaply it can
be grown. A big crop may not, in all cases,
be a profitable one. It may cost too much
to make it. The greatest yield with the
smallest possible outlay of capital and labor
is what we must aim at. As we have said
before—and we wish to impress the truth
on the reader's mind—our farmers are of-
ten poor, not so much because their crops
are small—and small they are compared
with what they might be—as because it
costs too much to make them. We must
learn to make large crops with less labor.
To do this, we must go over less ground,
and make science and practical skill pro-
perly supplement muscle and machinery.—
Dr. Joques.

STOCK RAISING IN THE SOUTH.

Acquaintance of the Atlanta Consti-
tution, in visiting Richard Peter's, Jr.,
great stock farm of 1,000 acres in Georgia,
says: He has 400 acres in cultivation;
raises not a single acre of cotton, but de-
votes the whole area of tillable land to grain
and grasses. His stock is thoroughbred.
He has tried Devons, short horns, Ayr-
shires, Brahmins, &c. He has tested most
everything, and finds the Jersey and Alder-
ney the best butter cows in the world, and

the most suitable for Georgia. He has tried
the different kinds. Gets forty cents a pound
for his butter. Sold in May and June last
\$700 worth of young stock. Has an un-
derground cellar where he keeps his milk.
Only churns the cream and feeds the skim-
med milk to the calves and pigs. Has tried
both shallow and deep pans; likes the
shallow pans best. His butter is sent to
market fresh every day. His aim is to
find the best kind of stock suitable for the
South and for butter-making. The Texas
fever or murrain kill nine-tenths of the
short horns, Devons and Ayrshires that he
has had, even if brought into the State un-
der twelve months old. As to the Brahm-
mins, they make the best oxen and some of
the best milkers, and number one beef
cattle, perfectly healthy and exempt from
disease.

SMALL FRUITS IN GARDENS.

But few people seem to know the value
of small fruits to a family, when grown in
their own gardens. You commence with
strawberries; they continue about a month.
You pick, perhaps, from six to twelve
quarts a day. You have them on your table
as a dessert, if you please, at noon, and your
tea table is loaded with them at evening,
and you want little else but your
bread and butter. Your family consume,
in one way or another, about eight quarts a
day, and while they last no medicines for
bodily ailments are required, as a quart of
strawberries daily will dispel all ordinary
diseases not settled permanently in the sys-
tem. After strawberries, raspberries come
to continue about three weeks; then we
have blackberries where the climate is not
too cold for cultivated varieties; then the
currants ripen, which remain until the ear-
ly grapes mature; and taking the season
through any family with a half acre of
land in a garden can grow small fruits that
make country life delightful, and at the
same time hundreds of dollars can be saved
in the supply of the table.

THIS PAPER IS ON FILE WITH



Where Advertising Contracts can be made.

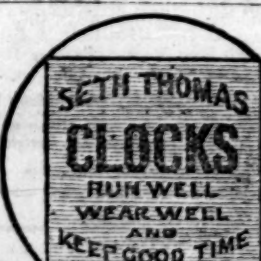


MOTHERS WHO DOSE THEIR DARLINGS
with drastic purgative incur a fearful respon-
sibility. The gentle, moderate yet effective, lax-
ative, alterative, and anti-bilious operation of
TARRANT'S SELTZER WATER, especially
adapted to the disorders of children.

\$5 to \$20 per day at home. Sample
South 20 Cts.
STINSON & CO., Portland, Me.

PLAYS, PLAYS!

For Reading Clubs, for Amateur Theatricals,
Temperance Plays, Drawing Room Plays, Guide
Books, Speakers' Pantomimes, Tailors' Light-
Magnum Light, colored Fire, Bunt cut
Theatrical Face Preparations, Jarley's Wax
Works, Wigs, Beards and Moustaches at reduced
prices. Catalogue sent free containing full description and
prices.
SAM'L. FRENCH & SON,
122 Nassau St., New York.



\$66 a week in your own town. Terms and
\$3 outfit free. H. HILLET & CO.,
Portland Maine.

SNYDER'S CURATIVE PADS!

A sure cure for TORPID LIVER and all dis-
eases arising therefrom, Lung, Kidney, Spine,
Bladder, Womb, and all Female Diseases, Chills
and Fever, Constipation, DYSPEPSIA, Head-
ache, Our LIVER, LUNG and AGUE PAD, Pa-
ge 22. KIDNEY and SPINAL PAD, Pa-
ge 23. FEMALE Weakness, Pa-
ge 24. We send them by mail
free on receipt of price. Address
F. P. Snyder & Co., Cincinnati, O.

GRACE'S SALVE.

WORK FOR ALL
In their own localities, canvassing for the FIRE-
SIDE VISITOR, (enlarged) Weekly and Month-
ly. Largest Paper in the World, with Man-
moth Chromos Free. Big Commission to agents.
Terms and Outfit Free. Address
P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Maine.

\$12 a day at home. Agents wanted. Outfit
and terms free. TRUE & CO.,
Augusta, Maine.

40 EXTRA FINE MIXED CARDS, with
name 10 cents, post-paid. L. JONES & CO.,
Nassau, N. Y.

Agents Wanted! Medals & Diplomas A-
warded for Holman's

NEW PICTORIAL BIBLES.

2,000 Illustrations. Address for new cir-
culars. A. J. HOLMAN & CO.,
930 Arch St. Phila.

PEACH, APPLE, PLUM AND PEAR PRESSES

And Early Bester, Amesden and Alexander,
Louis, with other old and new kinds of Peach-
es, Plum Trees on Peach Stock, suited to south-
ern growth, and Apples of leading kinds for early
market and late keeping. Small Fruit plants
in variety. Twelve years experience at growing
fruits for market. Address
D. S. MYER, Bridgeville, Delaware.

TUTT'S PILLS

A Noted Divine says
They are worth their
weight in gold.

READ WHAT HE SAYS:

Dr. TUTT—Dear Sir: For ten years I have been
a martyr to Dyspepsia, Constipation, and Piles. Last
spring your pills were recommended to me; I used
them (not with little faith). I am now a well man,
have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools,
piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh.
They are worth their weight in gold.
Rev. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

Dr. TUTT has been en-
gaged in the practice of
medicine thirty years, and
for a long time was de-
scribed as an eminent
doctor of medicine in the
Medical College of Geor-
gia, hence persons using
his Pills have the guaran-
tee that they are prepared
on scientific principles,
and are free from all
quackery.

He has succeeded in
restoring to health those
suffering from the effects
of these pills, and he has
been successful in curing
the most obstinate cases
of dyspepsia, constipation,
piles, and all the ailments
connected with the diges-
tive system.

His first object was
to increase the appetite
by restoring the food
properly assimilated.
The system is ac-
cordingly, and by their
use, regular and healthy
digestion is produced.

They first act upon the
stomach, and by their
use, the food is properly
assimilated, and the
system is accordingly,
and by their use, regu-
lar and healthy diges-
tion is produced.

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Scarf Ring and Engraved Watch Chain. Take your choice, the
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from internal absorption, and Chlorine
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This Sarsaparilla is a combination of
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